# Lesson Yáblin (3)

### **Review:**

Rearrange the following words into the correct order. Circle the verb and identify it as either I form, You form, or S(H)E/It form.



Huwáali

Ablín

Mánzeskà

2.

Wak'ó

 $Mi^nxci$ 

Yáli

 $Ayi^n \\$ 

Zhúje

Óblaska



## Ówahà<sup>n</sup> (Kin, Family)



#### Fill in the blanks above with the correct word:

Ikó Shídohì<sup>n</sup>ga Iná<sup>n</sup> I<sup>n</sup>dáje Shímihí<sup>n</sup>ga Icígo

## Verb of the Week

Verb #3 "See"						
Íye S(h)e/it (Root)						
Iáye	I					
Íyaye	You					

Translate These Phrases						
A. Shímihinga abá cébuk'a manhínego						
lezé íye abá.						
<b>B</b> . Ke tá <sup>n</sup> ga iáye ayíhe.						
C. Shónge sátan mántanahá íyaye yakháshe.						

### **Continuatives Chart**

TENSE	CONDITION	CONTINUATIVE			
"I" Tense	Moving	Ayíhe			
	Standing	Akhahé			
	Sitting	Mi <sup>n</sup> khé			
"You" Tense	Moving	Yayíshe			
	Standing	Yakháshe			
	Sitting	Hni <sup>n</sup> khé			
S(H)e/It	"It's in the past, not	Abá			
	there in front of you."				
	"You can see it, it's still	Akhá			
	present."				

<sup>\*</sup>Lezé = striped \*Tánga = big \*Mántanahá = wild

#### **Considering the Continuatives Chart:**

3	. In sentence A,	the c	continuative	e, abá	, is used.	Does	that m	ean t	he a	ction	is
h	appening NOW	, or ir	n the PAST	?							

- 4. In sentence B, the continuative, ayíhe, is used. Is it an I tense, or You tense continuative? What other two continuatives could you use?
- 5. In sentence C, the continuative, yakháshe is used. Does this mean the subject is moving, standing, or sitting?

#### Translate into Kaánze Íe. Use the correct continuative:

- 6. Do you see your dad?
- 7. I will see my grandson soon.
- 8. The dog saw the big brown bear.

## Wayáje Ojé Continuatives

Α	В	Á	Е	M	Í	X	S	Ο	С
Н	Y	A	K	Н	Á	S	Н	Е	I
K	A	Í	F	Н	N	In	K	Н	É
U	Y	В	Н	D	Н	G	Т	Н	Н
Z	Í	K	N	Е	M	J	K	N	A
Á	S	É	0	P	L	In	Ó	L	Н
Р	Н	W	С	S	M	G	Y	Á	K
В	Е	D	J	Н	F	Á	Н	K	A

<sup>\*</sup>Find the continuatives listed above\*